103D CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 2065

To amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to require the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to differentiate between fats, oils, and greases of animal, marine, or vegetable origin, and other oils and greases, in issuing regulations under the Act, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

MAY 3 (legislative day, MAY 2), 1994

Mr. Harkin (for himself and Mr. Lugar) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

A BILL

To amend the Federal Water Pollution Control Act to require the Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency to differentiate between fats, oils, and greases of animal, marine, or vegetable origin, and other oils and greases, in issuing regulations under the Act, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1	SECTION 1. DIFFERENTIATION AMONG FATS, OILS, AND
2	GREASES.
3	Section 311 of the Federal Water Pollution Control
4	Act (33 U.S.C. 1321) is amended by adding at the end
5	the following new subsection:
6	"(t) Fats, Oils, and Greases.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In issuing or enforcing any
8	regulation, or any interpretation or guideline, relat-
9	ing to a fat, oil, or grease under this Act or any
10	other Federal law, each of the President, the Admin-
11	istrator, and the head of any Federal agency shall
12	differentiate between—
13	"(A)(i) animal fats and oils and greases,
14	and fish and marine mammal oils, within the
15	meaning of paragraph (2) of section 61(a) of
16	title 13, United States Code; or
17	"(ii) oils of vegetable origin, including oils
18	from the seeds, nuts, and kernels referred to in
19	paragraph (1)(A) of such section; and
20	"(B) other oils and greases, including pe-
21	troleum.
22	"(2) Considerations.—In differentiating be-
23	tween the class of fats, oils, and greases described
24	in paragraph (1)(A) and the class of oils and greases
25	described in paragraph (1)(B), each of the Presi-
26	dent, the Administrator, and the head of the Federal

- 1 agency shall consider differences in the physical,
- 2 chemical, biological, and other properties, and in the

3 environmental effects, of the classes.".

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